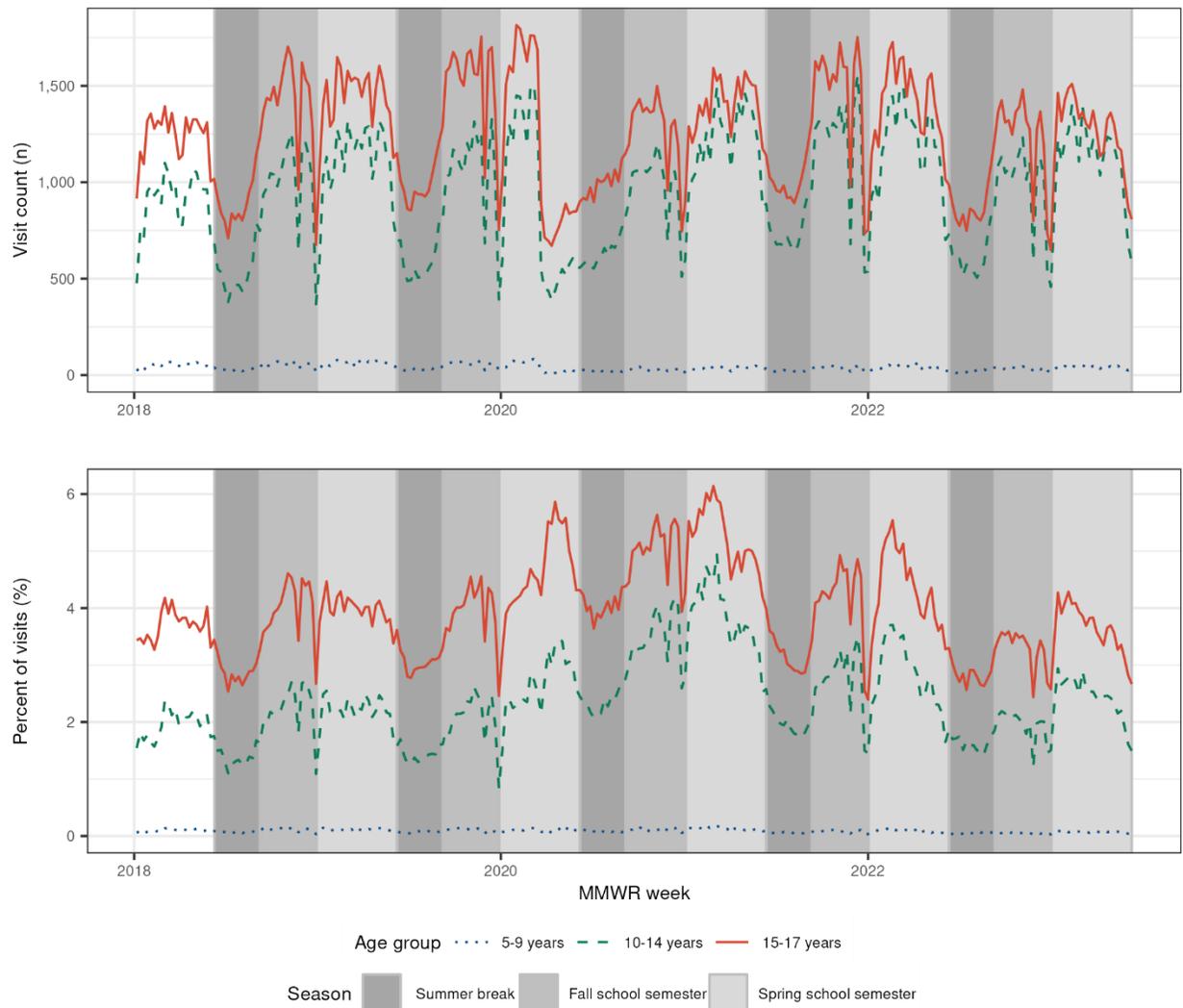


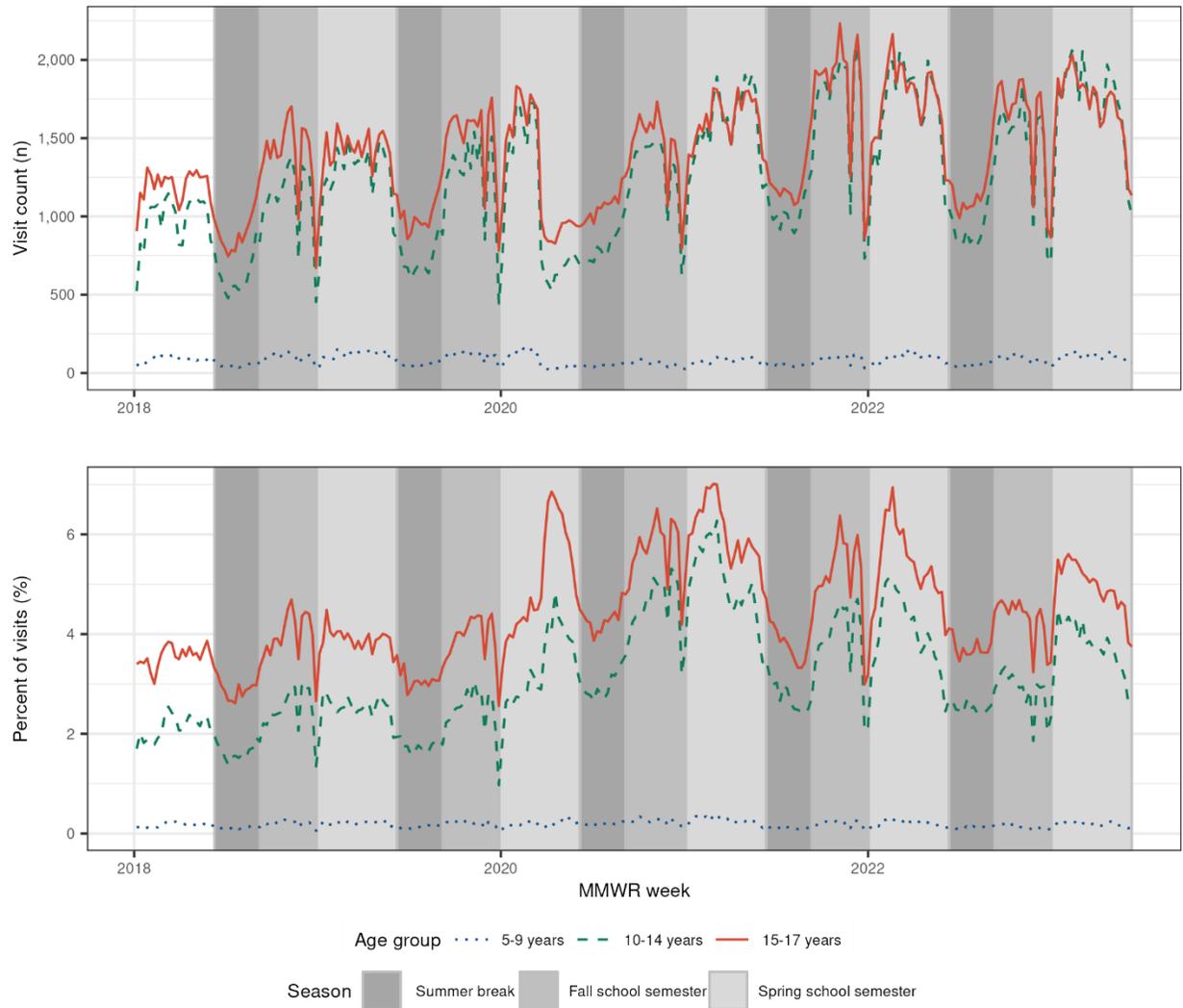
SUPPLEMENTAL TABLE AND FIGURES: Emergency department visits for mental and behavioral health conditions among children and adolescents aged 5–17 years — National Syndromic Surveillance Program, United States, January 2018–June 2023

SUPPLEMENTAL FIGURE: Weekly visit count and percentage of emergency department visits for mental and behavioral health conditions among children and adolescents aged 5–17 years, by age group — National Syndromic Surveillance Program, United States, January 2018–June 2023*†§¶

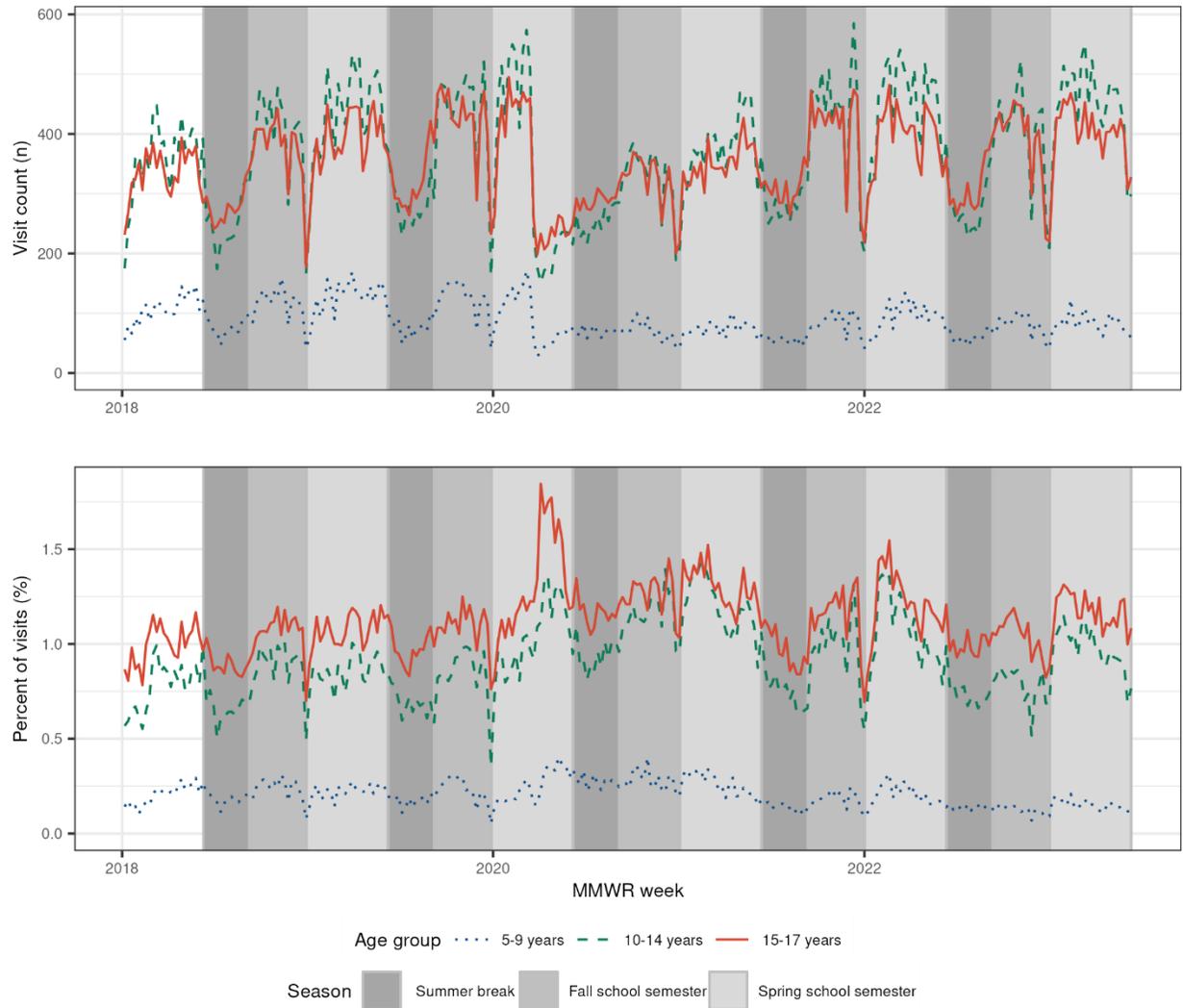
A. Depressive disorders



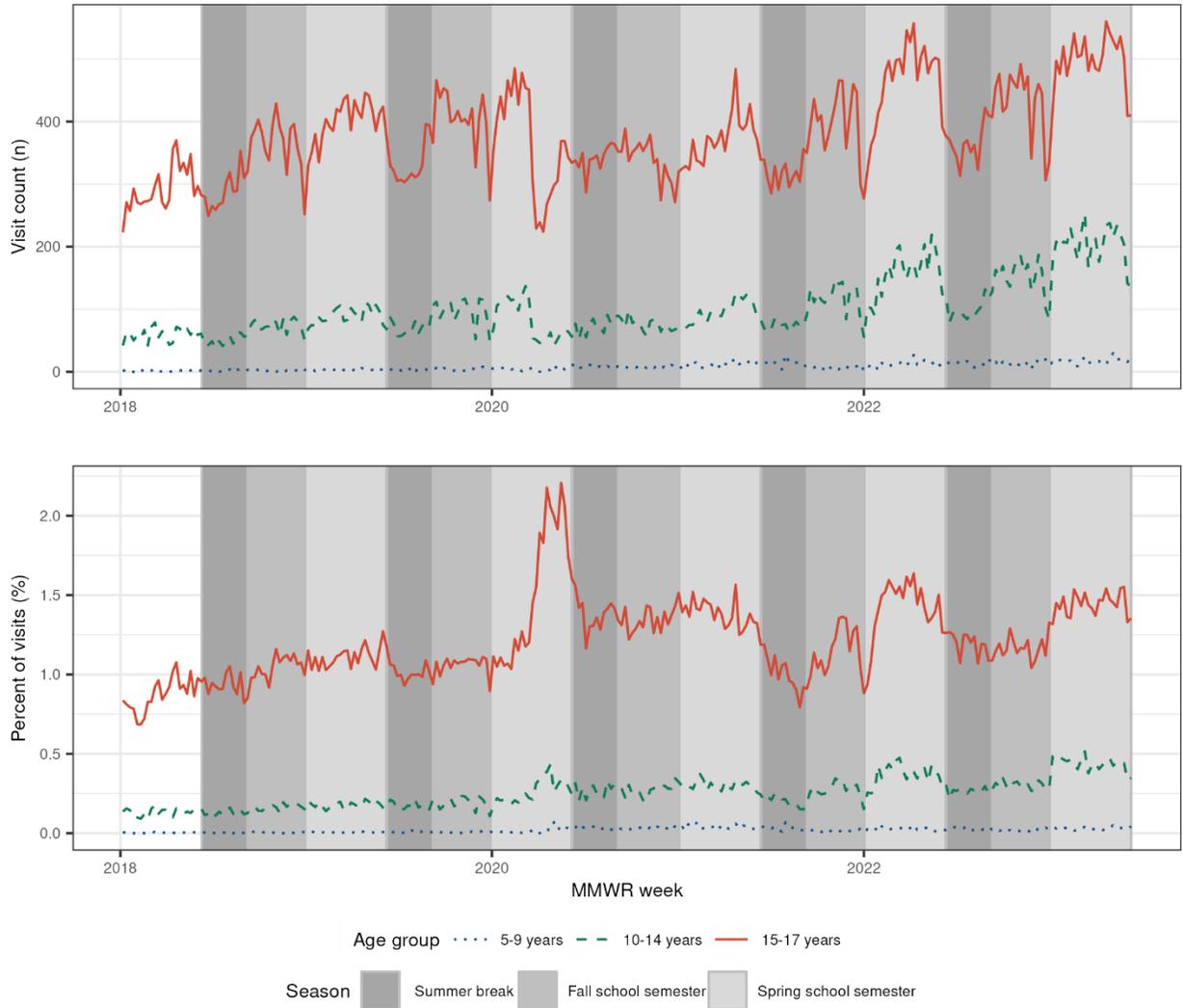
B. Suicidal ideation/self-harm



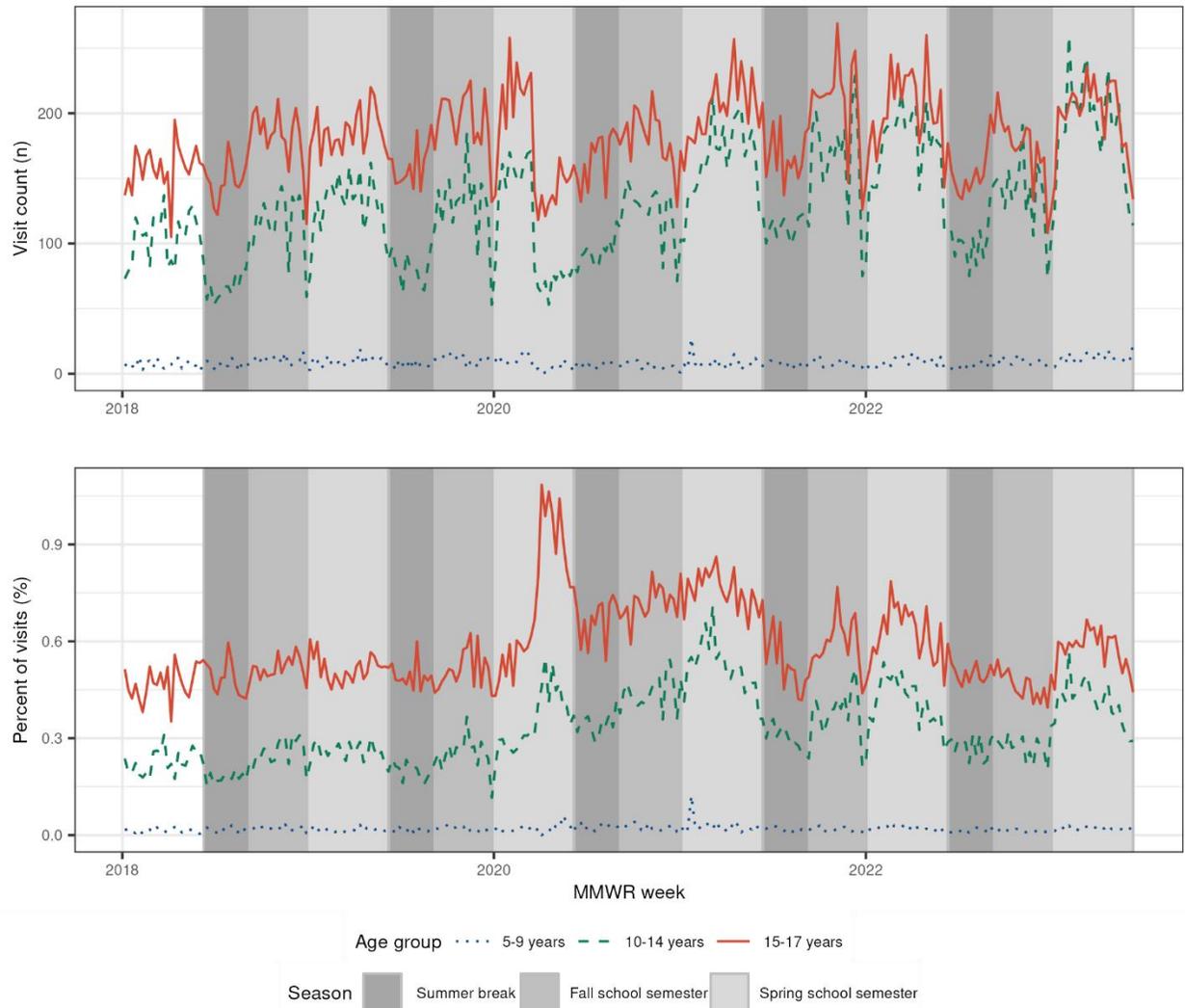
C. Trauma- and stressor-related disorders



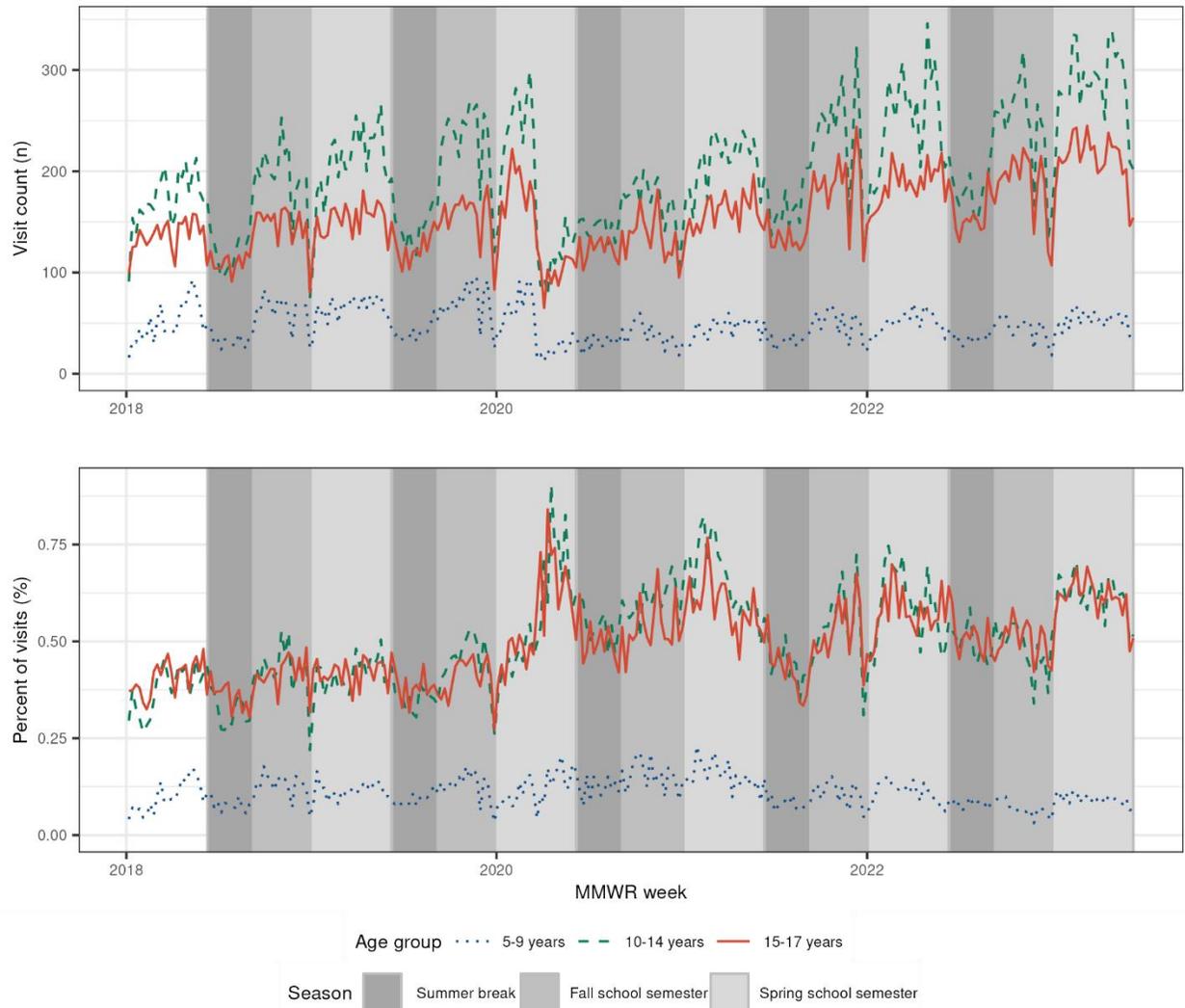
D. Cannabis-related disorders



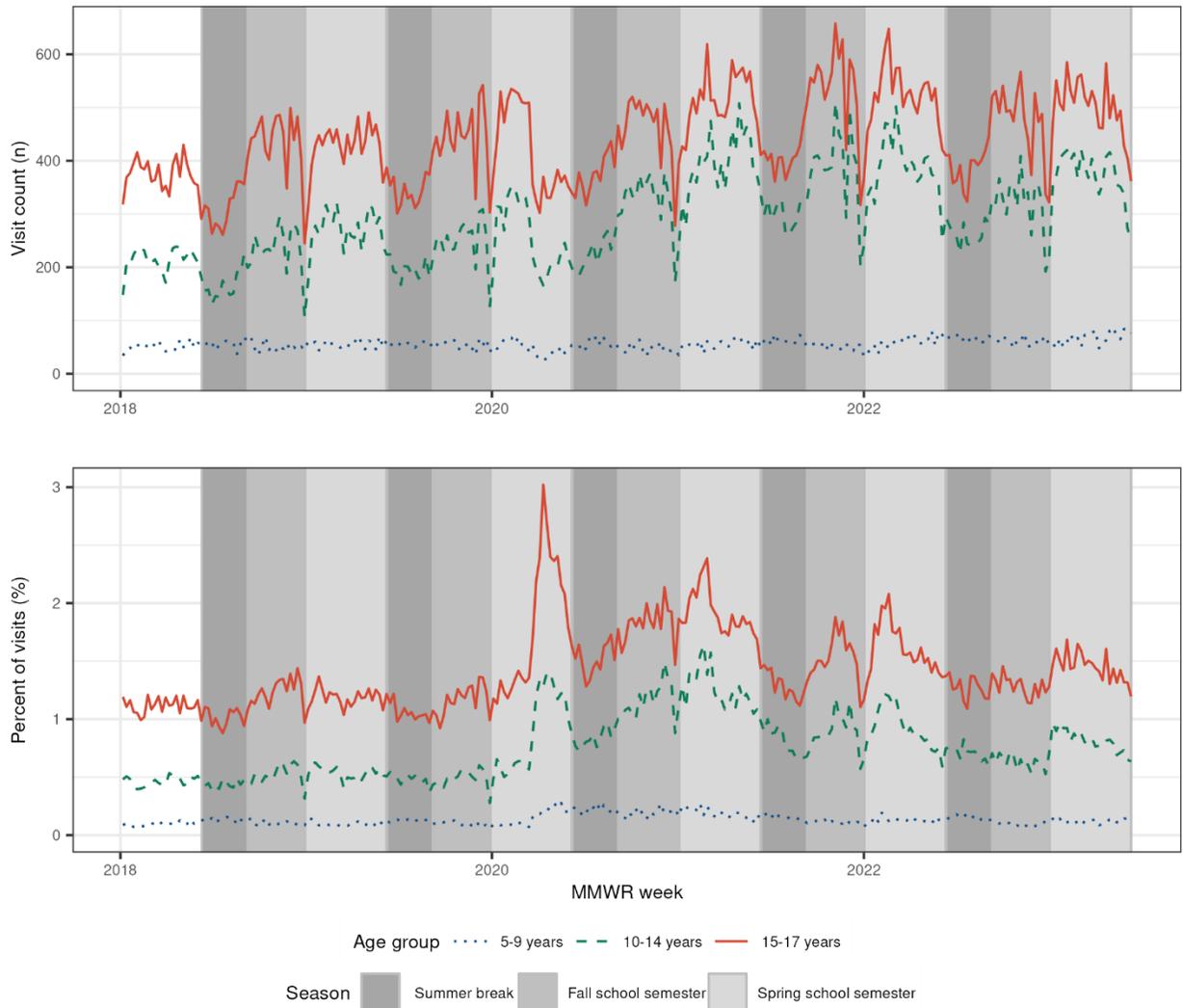
E. Lifestyle or life management factors



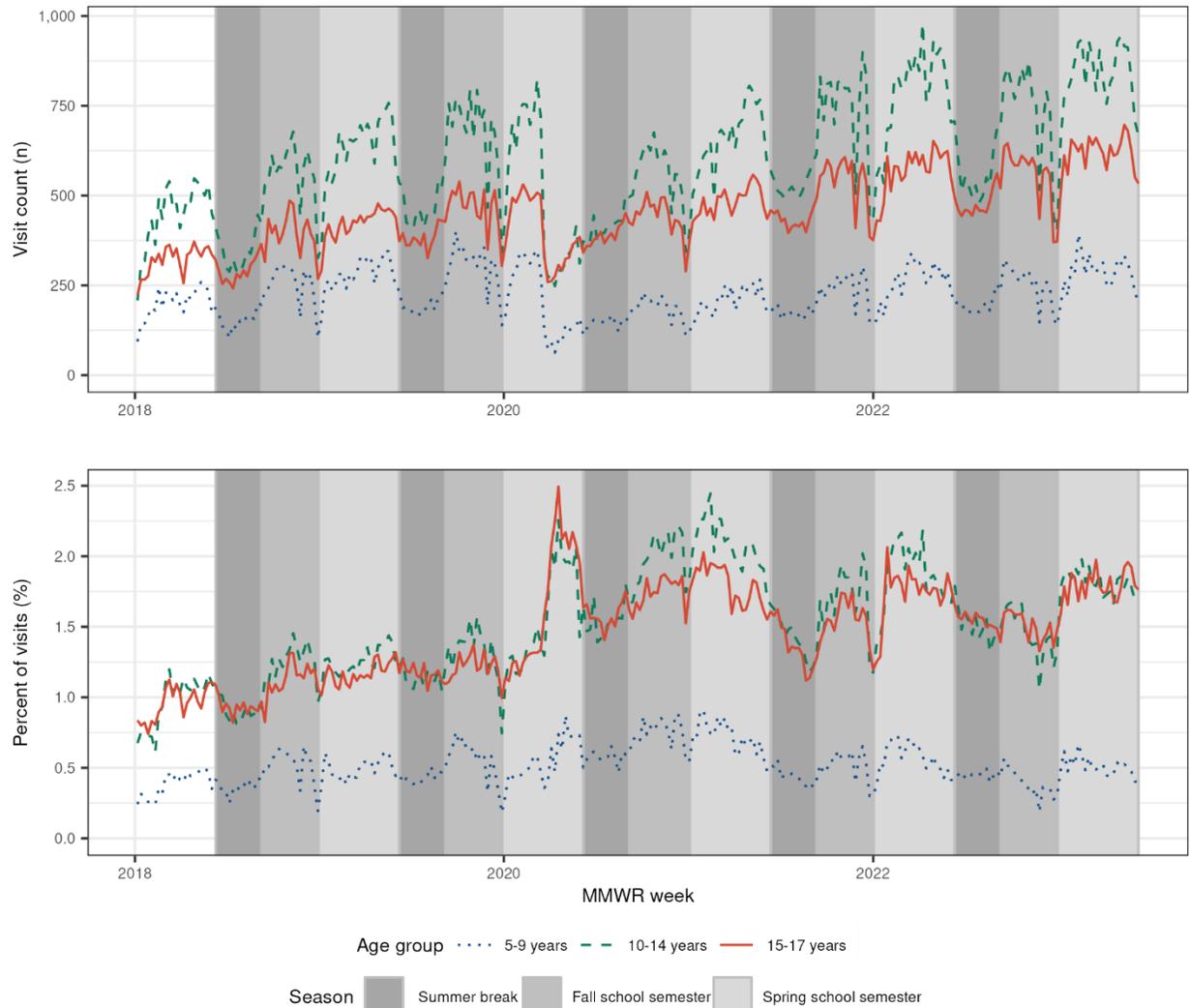
F. Other specified and unspecified mood disorders



G. Poisoning by drugs, initial encounter



H. Symptoms of mental and substance use conditions



* NSSP is a collaboration among CDC, local, and state health departments, and federal, academic, and private sector partners. <https://www.cdc.gov/nssp/index.html>

† Emergency department (ED) visits declined 42% during the early COVID-19 pandemic, from a mean of 2.1 million per week (March 31–April 27, 2019) to 1.2 million (March 29–April 25, 2020). <https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/69/wr/mm6923e1.htm>.

§ Compared with 2019, overall pediatric emergency department visits decreased by 51%, 22%, and 23% during 2020, 2021, and January 2022, respectively. https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/71/wr/mm7108e1.htm?s_cid=mm7108e1_w.

¶ Dates for the summer and fall school semester periods are selected to align with previously established school surveillance periods. https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/72/wr/mm7219a1.htm?s_mm7219a1_w